Version: 5.9 E Page: 1 von 9



Safety data sheet

1. Substance/preparation and company identification Trade name: **BKF Siegelharz** Application of the substance/ the preparation: Laminating resin for orthopaedic technology BEIL

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Hazards Identification 2.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture This mixture is classified as hazardous according to CLP/GHS **Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008** Flammable liquids H225 Category 2 Caustic burning / irritation of skin H315 Category 2 Skin Sensitisation Category 1 B H317 Specific Target Organ Toxicity -single exposure (Respiratory system) Category 3 H335 2.2. Label elements Constituent decisive for hazardous -substance labeling

methyl methacrylate; CAS-No.: 80-62-6 triethyleneglycol dimethacrylate; CAS-No.: 109-16-0 ethylene di(S-thioacetate); CAS-No.: 123-81-9 tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite; CAS-No.: 26523-78-4 n-butyl acrylate; CAS-No.: 141-32-2

Signal word (s) GHS pictogram Danger



hazard statement

Precautionary Statement

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.



P233 - Keep container tightly clos ed.

- P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas / mist/ vapours / spray.
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection/ face protection.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Precautionary Statement (Response)

2.3. Other hazards

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Polymerization with heat evolution m ay occur in the presence of radical forming substances (e.g. peroxides), reducing substances, and/or heavy metal ions .

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients 3.1. Substances

5.1. Jubs

3.2. Mixtures

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration	Classification
	EC-No.		
	REACH-No.		
methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	50 - 70 %	Flam. Liq., 2, H225
	201-297-1		Skin Irrit., 2, H315
	01-2119452498-28		Skin.sens ., 1B, H317
			STOT SE , 3, H335
triethyleneglycol	109-16 -0	1 – 10 %	Skin.sens., 1B, H317
dimethacrylate	203-652-6		
	01-2119969287-21		
N,N-bis-(2-hydroxypropyl)-	38668-48-3	0.1 – 1 %	Acute Tox. 2 (oral); H300
p-toluidine	254-075-1		Eye Irrit. 2; H319
	01-2119980937-17		Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
ethylene di (S- thioacetate)	123-81 -9	0,1 – 0,25 %	Acute To x., 4, H302, Oral
	204-653-4		Eye Irrit., 2, H319
			Skin.sens., 1A, H317
			Aquatic Chronic, 2, H411
tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite	26523-78-4	0.1 – 0,25 %	Skin Sens. 1; H317
	247-759-6		Aquatic Acute 1; H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1; H410
n-butyl acrylate	141-32 -2	0.1 – 0,25 %	Flam. Liq., 3, H226
	205-480-7		Acute To x., 4, H332, Inhalation
	01-2119453155-43		Skin Irrit., 2, H315
			Eye Irrit., 2, H319
			Skin.sens., 1B, H317
			STOT SE, 3, H335
exts of H-nhrases, see in Cha			Aquatic Chronic, 3, H412

Texts of H-phrases, see in Chapter 16

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures General advice Medical treatment is necessary if symptoms occur which are obviously caused by skin or eye contact with the product or by inhalation of its vapours. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Inhalation Move subject to fresh air and keep him calm. See a physician. Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs consult a physician. Keeping the eyelids apart flush thoroughly with water immediately. If irritation Eye contact persists, contact a physician. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician immediately. Indestion 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Version: 5.9 E Page: 3 von 9



Skin Sensitisation, Causes skin and eye irritation. Excessive or prolonged exposure can cause the following: Headache, confusion

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed no

5. **Fire-fighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide high volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May be released in case of fire: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, organic products of decomposition. 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Vapours are heavier than air and can form an explosive mixture with air. Flammable liquid. Vapours can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Explosive mixtures may occur at temperatures at or above the flashpoint. Remove all sources of ignition. Also keep emptied containers away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep out unprotected persons. In case of fire, remove the endangered barrels and bring to a safe place, if this can be done safely. Containers exposed to heat (fire) may build up pressure. Cool by splashing with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Assure sufficient ventilation. Keep away sources of ignition. Use personal protective clothing. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/mist/aerosol.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent product from getting into drains/surface water/groundwater.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. As sure sufficient ventilation. Larger quantities: Remove mechanically (by pumping). Use explosion-proof equipment! Smaller quantities and/or residues: Contain with absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid absorbent, universal absorbent or sawdust). Dis pose of in accordance with regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

For disposal considerations see section 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling Safe handling advice

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with s kin and eyes. Provide sufficient ventilation and exhaust at the workplace. Provide good room ventilation even at ground level (vapours are heavier than air). Keep container tightly closed. Open drum carefully as content m ay be under pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks /open flames /hot surfaces. No smoking. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition --- No smoking. Vapors are heavier than air. Flammable liquid. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Explosive mixtures may occur at temperatures at or above the flashpoint. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use

BEIL Safety data sheet according to 1907. Date / Revised: 19.12.2017	/2006/EG	
Product: BKF Siegelharz Date of print: 04.01.2018	Version: 5.9 E Page: 4 von 9	BEIL
Requirements for storage areas a		ater. Firefighting must be e.
Containers	Keep containers tightly closed Fill the container by approxima required for stabilisation. With sure the oxygen(air) supply is Keep only in the original contai exceeding 25 °C.	Protect from the action of light. in a cool, well - ventilated place. ately 90 % only as oxygen (air) is large storage containers make sufficient to ensure stability. iner at a temperature not
Further information 7.3. Specific end use(s)	Keep away from direct sunlight no	t.
8. Exposure Controls/Personal Pro 8.1. Control parameters Components or products of dec the place of work which require methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	composition according to point 10,	with limit values related to
WEL (long-term) 2011	208 mg/m3	50 ppm
WEL (short-term) 2011	416 mg/m3	100 ppm
Indicative occupational exposure l		
2009/161/EC 2017		50 ppm
Indicative occupational exposure I	limit value	400
2009/161/EC (15 minutes) 2017 n-butyl acrylate 141-32-2		100 ppm
	E ma/m3	1.000
WEL (long-term) 2011	5 mg/m ³	1 ppm
WEL (short-term) 2011	26 mg/m ³	5 ppm
Indicative occupational exposure l value 2006/15/EC 2006	11 mg/m ³	2 ppm
Indicative occupational exposure I	limit	
value 2006/15/EC (15 minutes) 20 8.2. Exposure controls	009 53 mg/m ³	10 ppm
	Do not breathe vapour skin. Wash hands befo	NIOSH Manual of Analytical s. Avoid contact with eyes and ore breaks and immediately after
Hygiene measures	fountain should be ava Store work clothing se	Safety shower and eye wash ilable. parately. Take off all con- nediately. Follow the usual good
	standards of occupatio and during work interva be thoroughly cleaned.	nal hygiene. After work-time als the affected skin areas must
Respiratory protection	short term: filter applia	
Hand protection	min (EN 374). In practi conditions, this informa orientation for the sele	7 mm), Break through time 60 ice, due to variable exposure ation can only be an aid to ction of a suitable chemical rticular this information does not
Splas h protection	substitute suitability tes	



General information	Gloves should be replaced regularly, especially after extended contact with the product. For each work-
Eye protection	place a suitable glove type has to be selected. tightly fitting goggles
Skin and body protection	On handling of larger quantities: face mask, chemical- resistant boots and apron

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic pl	nysical and chemical properties
Physical state	liquid
Form	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	ester-like
рН	not applicable
Solidification point	Remarks: not available
Boiling Temperature	ca.100 °C (1,013 hPa)
Flash point	10 °C (methyl methacrylate)
Flammability	Static-accumulating flammable liquid.
Upper explosion limit	12.5 %(V) (methyl methacrylate)
Lower explosion limit	2.1 %(V) at 10,5°C (methyl methacrylate)
Relative vapour density	> 1 (20 °C)
Relative density	no data available
Water solubility	approx. 16 g/l (20 °C)
Fat solubility	not available
Partition coefficient:	
n- octanol/water	not available
Autoignition temperature	not pyrophoric
Thermal decomposition	No decomposition if used as directed. no data available
Viscosity, kinematic	
Viscosity, dynam ic	approx. 320 m Pa.s
Density 9.2. Other information	approx. 1 g/cm³ (20 °C)
	130 °C (mothyl m othacrylate)
Ignition temperature	430 °C (methyl m ethacrylate)
Impact Sensitivity	Not impact sensitive.
Other information	none

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
see section 10.2.
10.2. Chemical stability
No decomposition if used as directed.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Polymerization with heat evolution may occur in the presence of radical forming substances (e.g. peroxides), reducing substances, and/or heavy metal ions.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Avoid high temperatures and sources of ignition.
Keep away from direct sunlight.
Ultraviolet light.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Peroxides, amines, sulfur compounds, heavy metal ions, alkalis, reducing agents and oxidizing agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None when used as directed.

11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effectsAcute toxicity (oral)Acute toxicity estimate



Acute toxicity (inhalation)	Dose: > 2,000 m g/kg Method: Calculation method LC50 rat2 Related to substance: methyl methacrylate Low toxicity by inhalation 29.8 mg/l
Irritation/corrosion of the skin	Remarks: Contact with skin may cause irritations. Related to substance: product
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Remarks: Contact with the eyes may cause irritation. Related to substance: product
Respiratory/skin sensitization	
Repeated dose toxicity	 In sensitization tests on guinea pigs with and without adjuvant, both positive and negative results were found. In human's various types of allergic reactions have been observed (symptoms: headache, eye irritations, skin affections). Related to substance: methyl methacrylate rat, inhalation, 2 Years Findings: Damage to mucous membranes in the nose at 400 ppm Related to substance: methyl methacrylate Rat, in drinking water, 2 years Findings: no toxic effects Related to substance: methyl methacrylate
CMR assessment	
Carcinogenicity	Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen
Mutagenicity	Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen
Teratogenicity	no specific test data available
Toxicity to reproduction Aspiration hazard	no evidence for hazardous properties not applicable
Other information	Avoid contact with the s kin and eyes and inhalation of the product vapours.

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
Aquatoxicity, fish	Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss, rainbow trout
	Exposure duration: 96 h
	LC50: > 79 m g/l
	Method: OECD 203, flow through
	GLP: GLP
	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate
Aquatoxicity, invertebra	
	Species: Daphnia magna
	Exposure duration: 48 h
	EC50: 69 m g/l
	Method: OECD 202, flow through
	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate
	Species: Daphnia magna
	Exposure duration: 21 d
	NOEC: 37 m g/l
	Method: OECD 202 part 2, flow through
	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate
Aquatoxicity, algae / ac	
	Spezies: Scenedesmus quadricauda
	Exposure duration: 8 d
	EC3: 37 mg/l
	Method: DIN 38412 T.9



	Deleted to automas, mathul mathematics	
- • • • •	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate	
Toxicity in microorganisms		
	Species: Pseudomonas putida	
	EC0: 100 mg/l	
	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate	
12.2. Persistence and	d degradability	
Biodegradability	readily biodegradable, OECD 301 C, 14 d	
U ,	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate	
12.3. Bioaccumulativ	e potential	
Bioaccumulation degradability		
0	Biological degradability: 94 %	
	Exposure duration: 14 d	
	Result: readily biodegradable	
	Method: OECD 301 C	
	Related to substance: methyl methacrylate	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	no specific test data available	
12.5. Results of PBT	and vPvB assessment	
PBT and vPvB assess	ment PBT: no	
	vPvB: no	
12.6. Other adverse e	effects	

General Information Prevent substance from entering soil, natural bodies of water and sewer systems.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product	Waste is hazardous. It must be disposed of in accordance with the regulations after consultation of the competent local authorities and the disposal company in a suitable and licensed facility.
Uncleaned packaging	Contaminated packaging should ideally be emptied; it can then be recycled after having been decontaminated. Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of professionally. Uncontaminated packaging may be taken for recycling.
Code of waste EWC	07 02 08 waste from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres - other still bottoms and reaction residues Always check the given waste codes according to the actual conditions of manufacturing, formulation or use in your facilities.

14. Transport Information

Transport on land (ADR/RID/GGVS EB)

	/
14.1. UN number	UN1866
14.2. UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Yes
ADR:	Tunnel Restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision 640D
	observe §35 GGVSEB
RID:	Special provision 640D
Inland waterway transport (ADN/GG)	/S EB (Germany))
14.1. UN number	UN1866
14.2. UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3

BEIL Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EG Date / Revised: 19.12.2017 Product: BKF Siegelharz Version: 5.9 E Date of print: 04.01.2018 Page: 8 von 9



14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Yes
	Special provision 640D
Air transport ICAO-TI/IATA- DGR	
14.1. UN number	UN1866
14.2. UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for user	No
Sea transport IMDG- Code/GGVSee (Germany)
14.1. UN number	UN1866
14.2. UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for user	No
	EmS: F-E,S-E
14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code for transport approval see regulatory information

15. **Regulatory information**

Occupational restrictions	•	Note for juveniles. Note for pregnant woman and nursing mothers (EC Directive 92/85/EEC).		
Chemical safety assessment	No chemical safety product.	y assessment was carried out for this		
Status of Registration	REACH (EU) TSCA (USA) DSL (CDN)	preregistered, registered or exempted listed or exempted listed or exempted		
	PICCS (RP) IECSC (CN)	listed or exempted listed or exempted		

16.

List of references	
References	relevant manuals and publications own examinations own toxicological and ecotoxicological studies toxicological and ecotoxicological studies of other manu-
	facturers
	SIAR
	OECD-SIDS
	RTK public files
Other information:	The product is normally supplied in a stabilized form. If the permissible storage period and/or storage temperature is exceeded, the product may polymerize with heat evolution.

Classification and applied procedure to derive the classification of mixtures according to EU Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 (CLP)

Classification	Classification procedure	
Flam. Liq., 2, H225	On basis of test data.	
Skin Irrit., 2, H315	Calculation method	
Skin.sens., 1, H317	Calculation method	
STOT SE, 3, H335	Calculation method	



Relevant H phrases from chapter 3	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H300 Fatal if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic for aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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